The Raeburn Place Foundation

Consolidated report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

Scottish Charitable Incorporated Organisation No: SC044826

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Reference and administrative information

Trustees

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Auditors

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6 St Colme Street

Edinburgh EH3 6AD

Solicitors

CMS Cameron McKenna LLP

Saltire Court 20 Castle Terrace

Edinburgh EH1 2EN

Charity registration number

SC044826

Trustees' report for the year ended 31 March 2024

Objectives and activities

The Foundation's main objectives was to secure a long lease of the ground at Raeburn Place, a sports facility that was no longer fit for purpose and redevelop it and equip it with new facilities. The granting of the long lease was secured in June 2018.

The development plan for the site comprises three phases:

- The construction of a main building with a new spectator stand, and nine retail units along the Comely Bank Road frontage
- The construction of a Museum building adjoining the east end of the main building, to house a Museum of International Rugby
- Construction of additional sporting facilities along Portgower Place

The plans also included the improvement of drainage and pitches.

A structured fundraising programme targeting individuals, commercial organisations, charitable organisations and government agencies, was put in place and commenced in February 2018.

On completion, the redeveloped facilities will provide a sustainable income stream for the Raeburn Place Foundation for the foreseeable future. This self-financing model will enable the charity to preserve the historic ground and its use for sport, and to fund on-going provision of sport and sports programmes as well as the maintenance of the new modern sporting facilities, directly promoting public participation. It will also fund a Museum of International Rugby for the advancement of heritage. Together these will meet the objectives of the charity.

Operations Reports

Lettings

Café Andaluz, the Spanish tapas restaurant, opened its doors in November 2023, bringing a taste of sunshine to Stockbridge with indoor seating for up to 130 dining customers, and capacity for another 60 outside, during summer (and when the weather allows!) Café Andaluz is part of the restaurant company *The DRG*, one of the largest independent restaurant groups in Scotland. Additionally, having opened their doors to 11 students in September 2023, the Scottish Chiropractic College has entered its second year, welcomed a further intake of 16 students in September 2024. The College also took possession of a vacant unit, previously housing Trib3 gym, to meet the learning needs of their growing number of students.

All units in the Raeburn Place development are now tenanted and provide a great mix of businesses offering a wide range of services. This includes Little Dobbies (plants and gardening), the Co-Op, Two Children (coffee house), Charlie Miller Hairdressing and Catalog (furniture) as well as Café Andaluz, the Scottish Chiropractice College and the Edinburgh Academical Football Club.

Field Usage

Outside, use of the pitches has continued to increase, keeping up with the demand for the green space needed by the North Edinburgh community. Youth rugby here is stronger than ever as BATs youth rugby continue to promote more opportunities to participate in physical activities with their age range groups. With a new league set up, BATs S1 & S2 teams have benefitted from an extra training session on a Sunday, once the 200 EAFC Minis have vacated the field.

Operations report (continued)

The Foundation continues to welcome the Edinburgh Academy U16s and U18s for extra out-of-season rugby training and, in association with RPF and BATs, EAFC trialed their first Easter Camp. After a very successful week, a Summer Camp was introduced too, with learning both on and off the field for young people during the school break.

Flora Stevenson Primary School and Stockbridge Primary School continue to hold their Sports Days at Raeburn Place giving them much-needed space in a safe environment for their pupils and families to enjoy and we received a warm letter from the Head Teacher of Stockbridge Primary School thanking us for making this possible.

Once again, we must congratulate Edinburgh Bloods, the Australian Rules Football team who are our summer partners, on becoming the 2024 Scottish ARFL winners at the Grand Final in August. The partnership with the Edinburgh Ladies Archery Club continues to grow as they visit twice weekly for twelve weeks over the summer.

Finally, the Neighbourgood Market, situated on the 2nd team pitch, attracted many visitors to Raeburn Place from May to July bringing good footfall for tenants and promoting the development and foundation to the whole of Edinburgh and visiting tourists.

Financial review

During the financial year the Trustees used regular cash flow forecasts to assess the financial position of the charity and to monitor planned commitments against this. The consolidated statement of financial activities for the year is set out on page 11 of the Financial Statements. A summary of the financial results of the charity is given below.

The income for the year of the charity was £301,200 (2023: £343,241) (as detailed in note 2) and expenditure was £48,880 (2023: £61,754). This produced an excess of income over expenditure of £252,320 (2023: £281,487).

In the year to 31 March 2024 the subsidiary company recorded rental income of £675,244 (2023: £667,979 and made a loss of £57,883 (2023: loss of £13,902) and had negative reserves of £2,896,429 (2023: Negative £2,838,546).

In the financial year to 31 March 2022 an impairment on the value of the development was recorded. A formal valuation of the development concluded the market value of the retail development to be £9.8 million at the time of the valuation. This valuation will be kept under review as the development matures.

The main source of income for the charity has been donations from high-net-worth individuals who support the charity's aims and objectives. During the year the focus has been on ensuring the smooth operation of the retail development and ensuring financial stability.

The trustees believe that the going concern basis of preparation is appropriate for the reasons set out in note 1 to the accounts.

Reserves policy

At 31 March 2024, the group has total reserves of £2,175,430 (2023: £1,980,995) made up of £1,821,400 (2023: £1,627,011) of unrestricted funds and £354,040 (2023: £353,984) of restricted funds. As the group's assets are held up in fixed assets, it has no free reserves.

As the charity's main focus is financial stability, there is no reserve policy as such. The appropriate policy will be established once phase 1 of the development has been completed, fully let and the income stream stability has been achieved

Risk management

The Trustees of the foundation regularly review the risks to the objectives and performance of both the

Foundation and its subsidiaries. The key risks and their management are set out below.

Risk		Management
Lack of donations and funding	Failure to attract sufficient voluntary income to the Foundation, could jeopardise (or delay) its plans for phase 2 and 3 of the development and prevent the charity from fulfilling all of its charitable objectives.	Continued communication of the activities of the Foundation and the availability of facilities for not profit organisations. Communication and awareness of the Foundation bigger objectives.
Tenants future	The current geo-political climate in which we operate at present provides challenges for the tenants trading performance leaving them with an inability to pay their rent and service charges.	Communication with tenants to ensure any issues are identified at an early stage. Cost reviews with property managers to ensure best value being achieved.
Increased borrowing rates	The current climate is resulting is increased borrowing costs leading to decreased returns on the development. The increased costs could lead to default on lending in place.	Managed by careful short term and longer-term cash flow management. Communication with lenders in respect of performance of the development to ensure early support if required.

Plans for future periods

The Foundation's plan for the future is to build a financially independent organisation that will provide sport, support for sports programmes, a vibrant hub for the community and a Museum of International Rugby. Its intention is to:

- Build state of the art sports facilities at Raeburn Place.
- Redevelop and modernise the grounds at Raeburn Place.
- Manage RPDL's commercial lettings to generate revenue and ensure financial sustainability, protecting the heritage of the ground and preserving its use for sport.
- Provide financial support to selected dynamic grassroots sports organisations.
- Design and build a Museum of International Rugby dedicated to the historic, cultural and social legacy of Raeburn Place. Planning for the conceptual design work for Museum and for the fundraising is planned to commence once financial stability is achieved.

The Foundation plans to review its governance structure and refresh its Board of Trustees during 2024, and to create an advisory body to oversee the development of plans for the Museum of International Rugby and strengthen the Foundation's links to the sporting heritage

Structure, governance and management

The information on page 1 forms part of this report.

Governing document

The Foundation was established on 25 April 2016 as a Scottish Charitable Incorporated Organisation (SCIO) (SC044826) that is governed by a Constitution. The Foundation has established a subsidiary undertaking which will undertake commercial activities in support of the charity's objectives.

Recruitment and appointment of Trustees

The Trustees have the power to appoint new Trustees. The minimum number of Trustees is three and shall include a chairman. The Trustees shall endeavour to recruit to the Board individuals with appropriate and relevant experience and skills as required. On induction, new trustees are given a copy of the Constitution, a copy of the current OSCR guidance for Charity Trustees and they are brought up to date with the Organisation's plans and progress on these.

Management

The Foundation shall be managed by the Trustees with relevant professional advice sought from the charity's advisors.

The Trustees who have served during the year were as follows:



The process of Trustee recruitment has been challenging and it is hoped trustee recruitment will be successful in the year to 31 March 2025 to ensure at least the minimum number of trustees is achieved

The Trustees intend to refresh the Board of Trustees in 2024 and to establish an Advisory Board for the Museum project to guide its development.

Subsidiary

RPF has a wholly-owned subsidiary, Raeburn Place Development Limited. As recommended by the charities' trust lawyers, Turcan Connell, there is one independent director of RPDL and one independent trustee of the foundation. A full development funding agreement has been entered into between Foundation and the subsidiary, following advice from appropriate professional consultants.

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

Charity law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which show a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and its financial activities for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2019 (FRS 102);
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards and statements of recommended practice had been followed, subject to any departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to
 presume that the charity will continue in operational existence.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended). They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approval of the Trustees report

At the time of approving this report, the trustees are aware of no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware and have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a Trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

The financial statements on pages 10 to 25 were approved by the Trustees on 17 December 2024 and signed on their behalf by:



Independent auditors' report to the trustees of The Raeburn Place Foundation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Raeburn Place Foundation (the 'parent charity') and its subsidiary (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2024 which comprise the group and parent charity Statements of Financial Activities, the group and parent charity Balance Sheets, the group and parent charity Statements of Cashflows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent charity's affairs as at 31 March 2024 and of the group's and parent charity's incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulations 6 and 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Materiality uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial statements, which indicates that the parent charity's subsidiary incurred a net loss of £57,883 during the year ended 31 March 2024 and, as of that date, the company's liabilities exceeded its total assets by £2,896,429. The subsidiary company is reliant upon continued support of the bank and trustees of the parent charity to meet its liabilities. A balloon payment of £4.7m is due on the subsidiary company's loans on 3 June 2025 and the company does not have the funds to meet this. The directors' intention is to refinance the loan funding and the company's bankers have intimated that this will be possible, though no formal agreement is yet in place. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the subsidiary company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Independent auditors' report to the trustees of The Raeburn Place Foundation (continued)

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Key audit matters

Except for the matter described in the Material uncertainty related to going concern section, we have determined that there are no other key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the trustees' annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the trustees' report; or
- · proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group's and parent charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intends to liquidate the group or the parent charity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditors' report to the trustees of The Raeburn Place Foundation (continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 44 (1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and report in accordance with regulations made under that Act.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Enquiry of management, those charged with governance and the entity's solicitors (or inhouse legal team) around actual and potential litigation and claims;
- Enquiry of entity staff in tax and compliance functions to identify any instances of noncompliance with laws and regulations;
- Performing audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of
 journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of
 significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting
 estimates for bias:
- Reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- Reviewing internal audit reports;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent auditors' report to the trustees of The Raeburn Place Foundation (continued)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Regulation 10 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

MHA Statutory Auditor St Colme Street Edinburgh, EH3 6AD 17 December 2024

MHA is the trading name of MacIntyre Hudson LLP, a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (registered number OC312313).

MHA is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

Consolidated statement of financial activities for the year ended 31 March 2024

	Nete	Unrestricted Year ended 31		Total	Unrestricted Year ended 3		Total
	Note	£	£	£	£	£	£
Income from: Donations and legacies Income from trading	2	51,850	-	51,850	111,541	2	111,541
operation: Rental income Other income Investments		690,125 166,637 3,778	46	690,125 166,637 3,824	687,072 34,959 845	18	687,072 34,959 863
Total income		912,390	46	912,436	834,417	18	834,435
Expenditure on: Cost of raising funds: Raising funds	3	7,746		7,746	3,223		3,223
Commercial trading operations		300,199 364,879	:	300,199 364,879	209,524 265,379	-	209,524 265,379
		672,824		672,824	478,126		478,126
Charitable activities		45,177	•	45,177	88,726	-	88,726
Total expenditure		718,001		718,001	566,852		566,852
Net income		194,389	46	194,435	267,565	18	267,583
Transfers between funds			-	•	-	-	-
Net movement in funds		194,389	46	194,435	267,565	18	267,583
Total funds brought forwar	d 11	1,627,011	353,984	1,980,995	1,359,446	353,966	1,713,412
Total funds carried forward	ard 11	1,821,400	354,030	2,175,430	1,627,011	353,984	1,980,995

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

Charity statement of financial activities for the year ended 31 March 2024

	Note	Unrestricted Year ended 3	Restricted 1 March 2024 £	Total £	Unrestricted Year ended 31 £	Restricted March 2023 £	Total £
Income from:	2						
Charitable income	_	51,850	-	51,850	111,541	-	111,541
Investments		180,786	46	180,832	173,482	18	173,500
Other income		68,518	-	68,518	58,200	-	58,200
Total income		301,154	46	301,200	343,223	18	343,241
Expenditure on:	3					Salat Vice-con-all	V
Raising funds		7,746	-	7,746	3,223	_	3,223
Charitable activities		41,134	-	41,134	58,531	3-	58,531
Total expenditure		48,880		48,880	61,754	-	61,754
Net income		252,274	46	252,320	281,469	18	281,487
Transfers between funds							-
Net movement in funds		252,274	46	252,320	281,469	18	281,487
Total funds brought forwar	d 11	4,474,759	353,984	4,828,743	4,193,290	353,966	4,547,256
Total funds carried forwa	ard 11	4,727,033	354,030	5,081,063	4,474,759	353,984	4,828,743

Consolidated and charity balance sheets as at 31 March 2024

	lote	Group 31 March 2024 £	Charity 31 March 2024 £	Group 31 March 2023 £	Charity 31 March 2023 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets Investment property Investments	5 6 7	1,048,463 9,812,190	1,047,935 - 5,001	1,049,344 9,812,190	1,047,935 5,001
Total fixed assets		10,860,653	1,052,936	10,861,534	1,052,936
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8	455,268 167,625	4,144,745 28,504	462,998 120,209	3,901,755 12,443
		622,893	4,173,249	583,207	3,914,198
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	9	(4,497,428)	(145,122)	(4,376,488)	(138,391)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(3,874,535)	4,028,127	(3,793,281)	3,775,807
Total assets less current liabilities Amounts falling due after more than one year	10	6,986,118	5,081,063	7,068,253 (5,087,258)	4,828,743
Net assets		2,175,430	5,081,063	1,980,995	4,828,743
Funds Unrestricted funds Restricted funds	11 11	1,821,400 354,030	4,727,033 354,030	1,627,011 353,984	4,474,759 353,984
Total funds		2,175,430	5,081,063	1,980,995	4,828,743

The financial statements were approved by the trustees on 17 December 2024 and signed on their behalf by:



The notes on pages 14 to 25 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated and charity statements of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2024

	Group 31 March 2024 £	Charity 31 March 2024 £	Group 31 March 2023 £	Charity 31 March 2023 £
Cash flows from operating activities Net income Income from investments Decrease/(increase) in debtors (Increase)/decrease in creditors Impairment charge and depreciation	194,435 (3,824) 7,730 (13,952) 881	252,320 (180,787) (242,989) 6,730	267,583 (845) (17,044) (2,131) 880	281,487 (173,500) (268,051) (1,985)
Cash provided/(used in) by operating activities	185,270	(164,726)	248,443	(162,499)
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income Payments to acquire fixed assets	3,824	180,787	845 (18,598)	173,500 (5,656)
Cash provided/(used) by investing activities	3,824	180,787	(17,753)	167,844
Cashflows from financing activities New loans Loan repayments	110,000 (251,678)		26,918 (265,826)	
Cash provided in financing activities	(141,678)	*	(238,908)	=
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period	47,416	16,061	(8,218)	5,345
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	120,209	12,443	128,427	7,098
Total cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	167,625	28,504	120,209	12,443
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at bank	167,625	28,504	120,209	12,443

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention. The charity is a Public Benefit Entity and a Scottish charitable incorporated organisation with the registered office as noted on page 1. The financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity, rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements are compliant with the charity's constitution, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended), the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) FRS 102 "Accounting and Reporting by Charities", in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued in October 2019 and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice. The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of The Raeburn Place Foundation and its subsidiary undertaking made up to 31 March 2024. The acquisition method of accounting has been applied.

Going concern

The Trustees consider that the accounts should be drawn up on a going concern basis. The trustees undertook a thorough medium to long term budgeting process to review the cash flows of the business. Based on the current operations of the charity, the Trustees have no reason to believe that this basis is not appropriate.

Within the subsidiary company it is in the position of having all units within the development under long term leases. The main focus of the subsidiary over the next 12 months will be to put in place a refinance agreement for the existing external bank loans which are due for renewal in June 2025. Existing arrangements would suggest that a ballon payment in excess of £4.7 million would be required to made at this date. It is the intention of the directors of the subsidiary to seek a refinancing deal. Financial projections have been prepared that demonstrate that the company will have positive cash flows using the assumption that any new finance agreement will be at higher rates of interest that were previously available.

The directors have had positive discussions with financial professionals about the availability and likely pricing of a refinance package. The site of the development in Edinburgh Stockbridge is an attractive area to retail and hospitality companies, making the refinancing of the development an attractive proposition to finance providers. Discussions have started, and given the timescales, verbal assurances have been provided from the existing finance providers that they will continue to provide the financial facilities beyond June 20025 to allow a suitable refinancing package to be put in place.

The trustees and the directors, who have also provided funding, have also confirmed their support for the development going forward and will not seek repayment of their loan arrangements.

Having considered this and the future operations of the subsidiary company the directors consider that the going concern basis is appropriate for the preparation of these financial statements.

Charity status

The charity is a Scottish Charitable Incorporated Organisation (SCIO) and is exempt from corporation tax which is applied for charitable purposes commensurate with that status. The charity trustees and members have no liability to pay any sums to help to meet the debts (or other liabilities) of the SCIO if it is dissolved.

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Fixed assets

Assets over £500 are capitalised at cost. Depreciation is provided at the following rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life;

Computer equipment – 50% straight line Plant & Equipment -33% straight line

The asset is in the course of construction which represents work done to date on the stadium development will commence depreciation on completion of the development.

Investment properties

Investment properties, which is property held to earn rentals and/or capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase/ build cost and other directly attributed expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. Charges in fair value are recognised in the statement of financial activities.

Impairment of fixed assets and investment property

At each reporting end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication arises the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the reasonable amount of the individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generation unit in which the asset belongs.

Investments

Unquoted investments represent the holding in the subsidiary companies and are held at cost.

Debtors

Other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Cash

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar.

Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in a transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are normally recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Fund accounting

Funds held by the charity are:

Unrestricted funds

These are funds that can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the Trustees.

Designated funds

Designated funds represent unrestricted funds allocated for particular purposes within the objects of the charity at the discretion of the Trustees.

Restricted funds

These are funds that can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular purposes or for specifically funded projects.

Income

All incoming resources, including donations and investment income, are included in the accounts when there is legal entitlement to the income, probability of receipt and when the amount can be quantified with reasonable accuracy.

Operating lease income

Rental income received from property losses is recognised on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Incentives given to tenants to enter into operating leases are debited to the profit and loss account to reduce the rental income on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Service charge income and expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis relevant to the period under review.

Expenditure

All expenditure is accounted for an on accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category.

Raising funds

Expenditure on raising funds represent those fundraising costs incurred in generating donations and legacies.

Charitable activities

Charitable activities costs represent those costs incurred in carrying out activities to achieve the charitable activities as outlined in the trustee report. These include governance costs which represent those costs associated with the governance arrangements of the charity including independent examination fees, legal fees for advice for trustees and costs associated with meeting constitutional and statutory requirements.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Judgements in applying key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees have made the following judgements:

- Determine whether leases entered into by the charity as a lessee are operating or finance leases. These decisions depend on an assessment of whether the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred from the lessor to the lessee on a lease by lease basis.
- Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over a period to reflect their estimated useful lives.
 The applicability of the assumed lives is reviewed annually, taking into account factors such as physical condition, maintenance and obsolescence.
- Fixed assets are also assessed as to whether there are indicators of impairment. This
 assessment involves consideration of the economic viability of the purpose for which the
 asset is used.

Financial instruments

The charity only enters into basic financial instruments. Financial assets are initially measured at transaction price and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment. Financial liabilities are initially measured at transaction price and subsequently held at amortised cost.

2 Income analysis

income analysis	Group	Charity	Group	Charity
	Year ended 3	1 March 2024	Year ended 3°	1 March 2023
	£	£	£	£
Donations from individuals	-	-	23,541	23,541
Donations from trustees	50,000	50,000	88,000	88,000
Donations from trusts and foundations	1,850	1,850	=	STATE OF STATE
	51,850	51,850	111,541	111,541
Other income	166,637	68,518	34,959	58,200
Other trading income Rental income from commercial units –				
subsidiary	690,125	-	687,072	-
Interest on inter- company loan	-	179,653	-	172,907
Interest income	3,824	1,179	863	593
		3	-	-
	3,824	180,832	863	173,500

3

Expenditure analysis	Group Year ended 31 £	Charity I March 2024 £	Group Year ended £	Charity 31 March 2023 £
Raising funds Fundraising consultancy and related expenses Support costs	5,708 2,038	5,708 2,038	1,062 2,161	1,062 2,161
Commercial trading operations (see note 7) Interest on development	300,199 364,879		209,524 265,379	2
	672,824	7,746	478,126	3,223
Charitable activities Sports Stadium development Film Production	17,048	13,005	56,907	26,712
Governance costs Audit and accountancy fees Support costs	9,785 18,344	9,785 18,344	12,366 19,453	12,366 19,453
	45,177	41,134	88,726	58,531
	Group Year ended 31 £	Charity March 2024 £	Group Year ended £	Charity 31 March 2023 £
Support costs	~	~	2	2
Bank charges	98	98	97	97
Office costs Management fees	7,451 12,833	7,451 12,833	9,100 12,417	9,100 12,417
	20,382	20,382	21,614	21,614
	Group Year ended 3 £	Charity 1 March 2024 £	Group Year ended 31 £	Charity March 2023 £
Allocated to: % Basis Raising funds 10 Estimation (2023 50%) of time	~	2	2	L
spent Charitable 90 - Estimation	2,038	2,038	2,161	2,161
activities of time (2023 50 %) spent	18,344	18,344	19,453	19,453
	20,382	20,382	21,614	21,614

4 Staff emoluments and numbers

The trustees are considered to be key management. None of the Trustees (or any person connected with them) received any remuneration or reimbursement of expenses. There were no employees (2023: None) whose emoluments exceeded £60,000.

5 Fixed assets - Charity

	Assets under the course of construction £	Computer equipment	Total £
Cost	~	~	~
At 31 March 2023	1,047,935	3,290	1,051,225
Additions	-	-	-
		(<u> </u>
At 31 March 2024	1,047,935	3,290	1,051,225
Depreciation	·	()	
At 31 March 2023	-	3,290	3,290
Depreciation charge	-	*** * ***	~ =
	()	3	
At 31 March 2024	-	3,290	3,290
Net book value	7 		
At 31 March 2024	1,047,935	-	1,047,935
At 31 March 2023	1,047,935	-	1,047,935

5	Fixed assets	A 4 1			
	(continued) - Group	Assets under		1-100000 CONTRACTOR	
		the course		Computer	
		of construction	Plant	equipment	Total
	Cost	£	£	£	£
	At 31 March 2023	1,047,935	2 644	3,290	1 052 066
	Additions	1,047,935	2,641	3,290	1,053,866
	Additions				
	At 31 March 2024	1,047,935	2,641	3,290	1,053,866
	L. 100				
	Depreciation		101121212		
	At 31 March 2023	:: <u>*</u> :	1,232	3,290	4,522
	Depreciation	-	881	-	881
	Impairment charge	-	-	-	-
			A-1	N	
	At 31 March 2024	-	2,113	3,290	5,403
	Net book value			-	
	At 31 March 2024	1,047,935	528	-	1,048,463
	At 31 March 2023	1,047,935	1,409	-	1,049,344
					-
6	Investment Properties - Group	o			
	Valuation At 31 March 2023 Addtions				9,812,190
	At 31 March 2024				9,812,190

The value of the investment properties reallocates the open market valuation carried out by Colliers at 31 March 2021. The Trustees do not believe the value has changed in the period to 31 March 2024.

7 Investments

	Charity	Charity
	31 March	31 March
	2024	2023
	£	£
Investment in Raeburn Place Development (Sport) Limited	1	1
Investment in Raeburn Place Development Limited	5,000	5,000
	5,001	5,001

7 Investments – Group (continued)

Group investments exclude the investment in Raeburn Place Development Limited and Raeburn Place Development (Sport) Limited.

Raeburn Place Development Limited is a company registered in Scotland (company registration number SC403946) and is involved in the development of a sports stadium.

The financial results of Raeburn Place Development Limited are summarised below:.

2023 £
667,979
(209,524)
458,455
(34,341)
-
424,114
270
(438,286)
(13,902)
,838,546)
(

Raeburn Place Development (Sport) Limited is a company registered in Scotland (company registration number SC601802). It is currently dormant and has net assets of £1.

The charity owns 100% of the share capital of both companies.

8	Debtors				
		Group	Charity	Group	Charity
		31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
		2024	2024	2023	2023
		£	£	£	£
	Trade debtors	144,572	3,500	110,996	5,315
	Amounts due from subsidiary		4,135,384	-	3,871,109
	Other debtors	310,696	5,861	352,002	25,331
		455,268	4,144,745	462,998	2 004 755
		455,200	4,144,745	402,990	3,901,755
9	Creditors				
		Group	Charity	Group	Charity
		31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
		2024	2024	2023	2023
		£	£	£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year				
	Bank loans and overdraft	279,362		254,468	*
	Trade creditors	201,371	11,005	162,424	724
	Accruals and deferred income	247,157	7,650	296,474	7,100
	Other creditors	73,133	6,467	76,717	10,567
	Other loans	3,696,405	120,000	3,586,405	120,000
	ki	4,497,428	145,122	4,376,488	138,391
10	Creditors: Amounts due after moi	e than one year			
		Group	Charity	Group	Charity
		31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
		2024	2024	2023	2023
		£	£	£	£
	Bank loans 2- 5 years	4,810,688	(40)	5,807,258	-

The Banks loans are secured by a standard security over the retail development site and by a bond and floating charge over the assets of Raeburn Place Development Limited.

11	Funds	Balance at 31 Mar			Transfer	Balance at 31 Mar
	Crown	2023	Income	Expenditure	between funds	2024
	Group	2023 £	£	£		
	Unrestricted funds	L	L	Ł	£	£
	General fund Restricted funds	1,627,011	912,390	(718,001)	:-	1,821,400
	Museum fund	32	-		-	32
	Film fund	3,952	46		-	3,998
	Changing Room fund	350,000		-	-	350,000
		1,980,995	912,436	(718,001)		2,175,430
		=====	=====	(710,001)		2,173,430
		Balance			Transfer	Balance at
		at 31 Mar			between	31 Mar
	Charity	2023	Income	Expenditure	funds	2024
		£	£	£	£	£
	Unrestricted funds					
	General fund	4,474,759	301,154	(48,880)		4,727,033
	Restricted funds					
	Museum fund	32	9		-	32
	Film fund	3,952	46	-	-	3,998
	Changing Room fund	350,000	_	-		350,000
		(111		
		4,828,743	301,200	(48,880)	-	5,081,063
			-	-		

The Museum fund represents funds received to assist with the fit out of the Museum when the second phase of the development commences. The Film Fund represents funds raised to produce the Event Game Documentary film about the first Rugby International held at Raeburn Place in 1871. The Changing Room Fund was specific funds raised to assist with the fit out of the changing room facilities in Phase 1 of the development.

Group	Balance at 31 Mar 2022 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfer between funds £	Balance at 31 Mar 2023 £
Unrestricted funds	,~	~	~	~	~
General fund Restricted funds	1,359,446	834,417	(566,852)	-	1,627,011
Museum fund	32		-	-	32
Film fund	3,934	18	_	-	3,952
Changing Room fund	350,000	-	-	-	350,000
	-				
	1,713,412	834,435	(566,852)	-	1,980,995
		-			9
	Balance			Transfer	Balance at
	at 31 Mar			between	31 Mar
Charity	2022	Income	Expenditure	funds	2023
	£	£	£	£	£
Unrestricted funds					
General fund	4,193,290	343,223	(61,754)		4,474,759
Restricted funds					
Museum fund	32	9	_	_	32
Film fund	3,934	18		-	3,952
Changing Room fund	350,000	-		-	350,000
	4,547,256	3/3 2/1	(61.754)	(- 	1 020 742
	4,047,200	343,241	(61,754)	-	4,828,743
	, ·				-

12 Analysis of net assets between funds

	2024	Tangible fixed assets	Investments	Net assets	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Group Restricted funds Unrestricted funds	10,860,653	-	354,030 (9,039,253)	354,030 1,821,400
	Officestricted funds			(9,039,233)	1,021,400
		10,860,653		(8,685,223)	2,175,430
	Charity	1	§		
	Restricted funds Unrestricted funds	1,047,395	5,001	354,030 3,674,637	354,030 4,727,033
		1,047,395	5,001	4,028,667	5,081,063
		Tangible	-	Net	
	2023	fixed assets	Investments	current	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Group Restricted funds			252.004	252.004
	Restricted funds Unrestricted funds	10,861,534	-	353,984 (9,234,523)	353,984 1,627,011
		10,861,534	-	(8,880,539)	1,980,995
	Charity				
	Restricted funds Unrestricted funds	1,047,935	5,001	353,984 3,421,823	353,984 4,474,759
		1,047,935	5,001	3,775,807	4,828,743
12	Analysis of charges in net debt - Group				
		1 April 2023	Cash Flow	Non-cash Movements	31 March 2024
		£	£	£	£
	Long term borrowings Short term borrowings	(5,087,258) (3,840,873)	141,678	276,570 (276,570)	(4,810,688) (3,975,765)
	Total harrowings	(9.029.121)	444 679	-	(0.700.452)
	Total borrowings Cash and cash equivalents	(8,928,131) 120,209	141,678 47,416	:	(8,786,453) 167,625
	Total net debt	(8,807,922)	189,094	-	8,618,828
				-	
	Analysis of charges in net debt - Charity	***********			
	Short term loan Cash and cash equivalents	(120,000) 12,443	16,061	-	(120,000) 28,504
		(107,557)	16,061		(91,496)

13 Leasing commitments

Raeburn Place Foundation has an agreement with Edinburgh Academical Club to lease ground for 98 years for £1 per annum when requested.

Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

rotal lattice minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases	are as follows).	
	31 March	31 March	
	2024	2023	
	£	£	
Not later than one year	1	1	

14 Related party transactions

Related party	Relationship	Donations by F 31 March 2024 £		Loans rec group it 31 March 2024 £		Balance 31 March 2024 £	owing at 31 March 2023 £
	RPF Trustee/ RPDL Director	40,000	88,000	110,000	(48,000)	2,029,500	1,919,500
	RPDL Director	-	*	2 00	26,918	266,918	266,918
	RPF Trustee	-	-	-	-	75,000	75,000

The loans provided are unsecured and have no fixed date of repayment.

Raeburn Place Development Limited: wholly owned subsidiary.

During the year, £nil(2023: £5,000) of development costs were recharged from the subsidiary to Raebum Place Foundation. The Foundation is charging interest on the loan balance with the subsidiary at a rate of 5% per annum. During the year £179,653 of interest was due to be paid in relation to the financial year. At the year-end £522,985 (2023: £343,331) of interest was due to be paid by the subsidiary to the parent company. At 31 March 2024, there was a balance of £3,612,399 owing from the subsidiary to the parent (2023: £3,527,778).

White Honey Family Investments Limited: a company in which is a director. A loan of £1,299,987 was granted by White Honey Family Investments Ltd. This remains outstanding at the year end. Interest is payable at 1% over base and £78,551(2023: £42,944) was charged in the year. At the year-end £183,020 (2023: £104,469) of interest was accrued on the loan and remained payable.

Edinburgh Academical Football Club

During the year the group was charged management fees of £18,666 by the club which is a limited company of which is a director. These were fully paid in the year. The subsidiary company recharged £41,720 (2023 : £34,950) in utilities to the club. £98,050 (2023 : £73,099) remains outstanding at the year end.

15 Control

The charity is under the control of the trustees.